#### A PANAP Factsheet Series

## Highly Hazardous Pesticides

# **Dichlorvos (DDVP)**

Hazard to children: acute poisoning, brain cancer, leukaemia, potential developmental toxin, impaired immune function, endocrine disruption; later in life other cancers, diabetes





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Meriel Watts, PhD June 2014 **Uses**: organophosphate insecticide; also formed as a degradation product of naled and trichlorfon.

**Bans**: EU - very toxic by inhalation; dangerous for the environment.

**Residues:** breast milk and neonate plasma;<sup>1</sup>

Acute toxicity: highly toxic neurotoxin. Fatal if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin; skin and eye irritant. Causes depressed motor function and respiration; nausea, headaches, seizures, coma. death. Poisonings in many countries, including China, India, Korea:2-4 residues in food have caused poisoning in Turkey.5 Used for suicide, e.g. in Nepal.6 Second most common cause of pesticide poisoning in some parts of Turkey.7

#### Chronic toxicity:

causes oxidative stress; effects on blood cells; damage to liver, heart.

**Neurological:** potential developmental neurotoxin (decreased brain weight in animals); may cause delayed neuropathy; increased risk of Parkinson's disease. 10

Cancer: known animal carcinogen causing forestomach tumours, leukaemia, pancreatic adenomas, mammary gland tumours in rats. In humans linked to childhood brain cancer and leukaemia, 12 non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, 13 and breast cancer. 14

**Genotoxicity:** known mutagen. 15

### Endocrine disruption: decreased testosterone, follicle stimulating and luteinizing hormones

Reproduction:
reproductive toxicity;
decreased sperm
motility, damage to

(rats).16

*Immune:* toxic to immune system. <sup>19 20</sup>

endometrium and testicles (rats). 16 17 18

**Metabolic:** increased risk of diabetes.<sup>21 22</sup>

# Environmental effects: Aquatic: highly toxic to aquatic organisms. 23

Terrestrial: highly toxic to birds, bees and beneficial insects; <sup>23</sup> wildlife poisonings reported in Africa.<sup>24</sup>

#### Environmental fate:

volatile and likely to drift; residues inside houses do not break down easily; found in water and sediment in river in Thailand.<sup>25</sup>

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